User Guide EVGA X58 Classified3 Motherboard

#### EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

# Table of Contents

Before You Begin	8
Parts NOT in the Kit	8
Intentions of the Kit	
EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard	11
Motherboard Specifications	11
Unpacking and Parts Descriptions	13
Unpacking	13
Equipment	13
Intel X58 Express Chipset Motherboard	
Hardware Installation	
Safety Instructions	
Preparing the Motherboard	19
Installing the CPU	19
Installing the CPU Fan	20
Installing Memory DIMMs	21
Installing the Motherboard	
Installing the I/O Shield	
Securing the Motherboard into the Chassis	23
Connecting Cables and Setting Switches	
Power Connections	24
24-pin ATX Power (PW1)	24
8-pin ATX 12V Power (PW12-1, PW12-2)	

Connecting IDE Hard Disk Drives	
Connecting SATA Cables	27
Connecting Internal Headers	
Front Panel Header	
IEEE 1394a	
USB Headers	
Audio	
Fan Connections	
Expansion Slots	
PCI Slot	
PCI Express x1 Slot	
PCI Express x16 Slots	
Onboard Buttons	
Clear CMOS Button	
RESET and POWER Button	
Post Port Debug LED and LED Status Indicators	
Post Port Debug LED	
LED Status Indicators	
Jumper Settings	
PCIE Disable Jumper	
Voltage Measure Point	
EVGA Control Panel ECP	
Configuring the BIOS	
Enter BIOS Setup	
Main Menu	
Standard CMOS Features Menu	
Date and Time	51
SATA Channel	51

Halt On53
Memory
Advanced BIOS Features
Hard Disk Boot Priority
First/Second/Third Boot Device55
Boot Other Device55
Boot Up NumLock Status
Security Option
Full Screen LOGO Show
Integrated Peripherals Menu57
OnChip PATA/SATA Device
Onboard Device
USB Device Settings60
Power Management Setup Menu61
ACPI Function61
ACPI Suspend Type62
Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume62
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN62
Wake-Up by PCI Card62
USB KB Wake-Up From S362
Resume by Alarm62
POWER ON Function
Hot Key Power On63
PWRON After PWR-Fail63
PnP/PCI Configuration Menu64
Init Display First64
Resources Controlled By65
IRQ Resources65

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop65
INT Pin 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 Assignment66
Maximum Payload Size66
PC Health Status Menu67
SmartFan Function
Frequency/Voltage Control Menu69
Extreme Cooling69
Memory Feature70
Voltage Control71
CPU Feature74
CPU Clock Ratio75
CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)75
CPU Uncore Frequency (Mhz)76
Spread Spectrum
PCIE Frequency (Mhz)76
Save Profile
Load Profile
Installing Drivers and Software
Windows XP/Vista Drivers Install
Appendix A. POST Codes
EVGA Glossary of Terms

#### EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

# List of Figures

Figure 1.	EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard Layout	16
Figure 2.	Chassis Backpanel Connectors	17
Figure 3.	Power Supply Connectors	23
Figure 4.	Standard CMOS Features Menu	50
Figure 5.	Advanced BIOS Features Menu	54
Figure 6.	Integrated Peripherals Menu	57
Figure 7.	Power Management Setup Menu	61
Figure 8.	PnP/PCI Configuration Menu	64
Figure 9.	PC Health Status Menu	67
Figure 10.	Frequency/Voltage Control Menu	69
Figure 11.	Memory Feature Menu	70
Figure 12.	Voltage Control Menu	71
Figure 13.	CPU Feature Menu	74

# Before You Begin...

Thank you for purchasing the EVGA X58 Classified3 Motherboard. This board is designed to take the already excellent performance of the EVGA lineup and push it into the future by adding support for SATA 6Gbps and USB 3.0. Also we have included EVBot support to facilitate your tweaking needs.

As always with this board you also get the added bonus of EVGA's industry leading technical support in case you ever have any issues or questions.

## Parts NOT in the Kit

This kit contains all the hardware necessary to install and connect your new EVGA X58 Classified3 motherboard. However, it does not contain the following items that must be purchased separately to make the motherboard functional.

- □ Intel Core i7 microprocessor:
- Cooling fan for the microprocessor
- □ System memory support
- Graphics Card
- Power Supply

EVGA assumes you have purchased all the necessary parts needed to allow for proper system functionality.

# Intentions of the Kit

This kit provides you with the motherboard and all connecting cables necessary to install the motherboard into a PC case. If you are *building* a PC, you will use most of the cables provided in the kit. If however, you are *replacing* a motherboard, you will not need many of the cables.

When *replacing* a motherboard in a PC case, you will need to reinstall an operating system even though the current drives have an operating system.

#### EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

# EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

Thank you for buying the EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard. This motherboard offers the tools and performance PC users' demand. When combined with two or three SLI-Ready NVIDIA GeForce graphics cards, you get innovative NVIDIA SLI Technology for enhanced system performance.

## Motherboard Specifications

□ Size

EATX form factor of 12 inches x 13 inches

- Microprocessor support Intel Core i7 processor
- Operating systems: Supports Windows XP, Windows Vista, and Windows 7 32bit/64bit
- □ Contains INTEL X58 and ICH10R chipset
- System Memory support Supports triple channel DDR3-1600+. Supports up to 24GBs DDR3 memory.
- USB 2.0 Ports
  - Supports hot plug
  - > Twelve USB 2.0 ports (Eight rear panel ports, four onboard USB headers)
  - Supports wake-up from S1 and S3 mode
  - Supports USB 2.0 protocol up to a 480 Mbps transmission rate
- USB 3.0 Ports
  - Two USB 3.0 ports (on I/O panel.)
  - ▶ Backwards compatible USB 2.0 and USB 3.0 support.

- Supports transfer speeds up to 5Gbps
- Six(6) onboard SATA II Ports + 2 onboard SATA3 ports
  - > 300MBps data transfer rate
  - Six SATA II connectors from south bridge with support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, and RAID 5
- □ Two (2) SATA3 600MBps onboard ports from Marvell 88SE9128 Chipset
- Onboard LAN
  - Dual LAN interface built-in onboard
  - Supports 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec Ethernet
- Onboard 1394
  - Support hot plug
  - Two 1394a ports (one rear panel port, one onboard header) with rate of transmission at 400 Mbps
- Onboard Audio
  - Realtek High-Definition audio
  - Supports 8-channel audio
  - Supports Jack-Sensing function
- Four PCI Express Support
  - Four (4) PCI-E 2.0 x16 Slots
  - Supports 4 GB/sec (8 GB/sec concurrent) bandwidth
- Green Function
  - Supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)
  - Supports S0 (normal), S1 (power on suspend), S3 (suspend to RAM), S4 (Suspend to disk depends on OS), and S5 (soft off)
- Expansion Slots
  - One PCI slot
  - One PCI Express x1 slot
  - Four PCI Express x16/x8 slots

# Unpacking and Parts Descriptions

# Unpacking

The EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 motherboard comes with all the necessary cables for adding a motherboard to a new chassis. If you are replacing a motherboard, you may not need many of these cables.

Be sure to inspect each piece of equipment shipped in the packing box. If anything is missing or damaged, contact your reseller.

All parts shipped in this kit are RoHS-compliant (lead-free) parts.

# Equipment

The following accessories are included with EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 motherboard.



#### The EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

This motherboard contains the Intel X58 and ICH10R chipset and is SLI-ready for 2-way, Quad, 3-way, and 3-way SLI w/ PhysX configurations.



#### Visual Guide

Helps to quickly and visually guide you through the hardware installation of the motherboard.



#### I/O Shield

Installs in the system case to block radio frequency transmissions, protect internal components from dust, foreign objects, and aids in proper airflow within the chassis.

	3 - 2-Port SATA Power Cables
	Allows a Molex power connector to adapt to a SATA power connector.
	1 - 2-Port USB and 1-Port 1394 bracket
	Provides one (1) additional IEEE1394a port to the back panel of the chassis and provides two additional USB ports to the back panel.
	6 - SATA Data Cables
	Used to support the SATA protocol and each one connects to a single drive to the motherboard.
	1 - IDE-ATA 133 HDD Cable
	Passes data between the IDE connection on the motherboard and IDE device.
	1 - 2-way SLI Bridge
SLI]	Bridges two (2) graphic cards together which allows for 2-Way SLI.
	1 — 3-way SLI Bridge
	Bridges three (3) graphic cards together which allows for 3- Wa SLI.
0	1 – 3-way SLI with PhysX <sup>™</sup> Bridge
Eva A	Bridges three (3) graphic cards with Physics card together which allows for 3-Way SLI with PhysX <sup>™</sup> technology.
	1 - Installation CD
$(\bigcirc)$	Contains drivers and software needed to setup the motherboard.

# Intel X58 Express Chipset Motherboard

The EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard with the Intel X58 and ICH10R chipset is a SLI-ready motherboard. Figure 1 shows the motherboard and Figure 2 shows the back panel connectors.

#### EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard



1. C	CPU Socket 1366	11. P80P connector	21. PCI Express 2.0 slots
2. Ir	ntel X58 Chipset	12. Front panel connector	22. PCI slot
3. C	CPU Fan connector	13. Debug LED Display	23. PCI Express x1 slot
4. D	DDR3 DIMM slots 1 – 6	14. USB headers	24. Front panel Audio connector
5. Ir	ntel ICH10R Chipset	15. CMOS battery	25. Backpanel connectors (Figure 2)
6. 2	4-pin ATX power connector	16. 1394a connector	26. 8-pin ATX_12V power connector
7. Fa	an connectors	17. CMOS clear button	27. SATA3 600MBps Ports
8. P	PCIE x16 disable jumpers	18. Power button	
9. IE	DE connector	19. Reset button	
10. S	Serial-ATA (SATA) connectors	20. PC Speaker	

Figure 1. EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard Layout



- 1. PS/2 Keyboard Port
- 2. USB 2.0 ports (Eight)
- 3. CMOS Clear Button
- 4. EVBot Port
- 5. USB 3.0 Ports
- 6. 1394a (Firewire) port
- 7. Dual Lan Port with LEDs to indicate status.

Activity Speed/Link				
	Activity LED Status	Description	Speed/Link LED Status	Description
	Off	No data transmission	Yellow	1000 Mbps data rate
	Blinking (Green)	Data transmission	Green	100 Mbps data rate
			Off	10 Mbps data rate

8.	Audio Port	2-Channel	6-Channel	8-Channel
	Blue	Line-In	Line-In	Line-In
	Green	Line-Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
	Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Mic In
	Orange		Center/Subwoofer	Center/Subwoofer
	Black		Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
	Grey			Side Speaker Out

Figure 2. Chassis Backpanel Connectors

# Hardware Installation

This section will guide you through the installation of the motherboard. The topics covered in this section are:

- Preparing the motherboard
  - > Installing the CPU
  - ▶ Installing the CPU fan
  - Installing the memory
- □ Installing the motherboard
- Connecting cables

## Safety Instructions

To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and injury, always follow basic safety precautions.

Remember to remove power from your computer by disconnecting the AC main source before removing or installing any equipment from/to the computer chassis.

## Preparing the Motherboard

The motherboard shipped in the box does *not* contain a CPU or memory. You need to purchase these to complete this installation.

## Installing the CPU

Be very careful when handling the CPU. Make sure not to bend or break any pins inside the socket. Hold the processor only by the edges and do not touch the bottom of the processor.

Use the following procedure to install the CPU onto the motherboard.

- 1. Unhook the socket lever by pushing *down* and *away* from the socket.
- 2. Put your finger on the tail of the load plate and press the tail down
- **3.** Lift the load plate. There is a protective socket cover in the socket to protect the socket when there is no CPU installed.
- **4.** Remove the protective socket cover from the CPU Socket.

Remove the processor from its protective cover, making sure you hold it only by the edges. It is a good idea to save the cover so that whenever you remove the CPU, you have a safe place to store it.







- 5. Align the notches in the processor with the notches on the socket.
- 6. Lower the processor straight down into the socket with out tilting or sliding it into the socket

Make sure the CPU is fully seated and level in the socket.

- 7. Close the load plate over the CPU and press down while you close and engage the socket lever.
- 8. The CPU installation is complete.



Align notches with notches on the CPU



## Installing the CPU Fan

There are many different fan types that can be used with this motherboard. Follow the instruction that came with your fan assembly. Be sure that the fan orientation is correct for your chassis type and your fan assembly.

## Installing Memory Modules

Your new motherboard has six 240-pin slots for DDR3 memory. These slots support 256 Mb, 512 Mb, 1 Gb, 2Gb, and 4Gb DDR3 technology. There must be at least one memory bank populated to ensure normal operation. Use the following the recommendations for installing memory. (See Figure 1 on page 16 for the location of the memory slots.)

- One DIMM: If using 1 DIMM (Single Channel), install into: DIMM slot 1.
- Two or Four DIMMs: If using 2 DIMMs (Dual Channel), install into: DIMM slots 1 and 3. If using 4 DIMMs (Dual Channel), install into: DIMM slots 2, 1, 4, and 3.
- Three DIMMs: If using 3 DIMMs (Triple Channel), install into: DIMM slots 1, 3 and 5.
- Six DIMMs: If using more than 4 DIMMs, use: DIMM slots 2, 1, 4, and 3 then proceed to occupy the following DIMM slots in this order: 6 and 5.



Use the following procedure to install DIMMs. Note that there is only one gap near the center of the DIMM slot. This slot matches the slot on the DIMM to ensure the component is installed properly.

- 1. Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the module clips outward.
- 2. Align the DIMM to the DIMM slot, and insert the module vertically into the DIMM slot. The plastic clips at both sides of the DIMM slot automatically lock the DIMM into the connector.

## Installing the Motherboard

The sequence of installing the motherboard into the chassis depends on the chassis you are using and if you are replacing an existing motherboard or working with an empty chassis. Determine if it would be easier to make all the connections prior to this step or to secure the motherboard and then make all the connections. It is normally easier to secure the motherboard first.

Use the following procedure to install the I/O shield and secure the motherboard into the chassis.

Be sure that the CPU fan assembly has enough clearance for the chassis covers to lock into place and for the expansion cards. Also make sure the CPU Fan assembly is aligned with the vents on the covers.

## Installing the I/O Shield

The motherboard kit comes with an I/O shield that is used to block radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Before installing the motherboard, install the I/O shield from the *inside* of the chassis. Press the I/O shield into place and make sure it fits securely. If the I/O shield does not fit into the chassis, you would need to obtain the proper size from the chassis supplier.

## Securing the Motherboard into the Chassis

Most computer chassis have a base with mounting studs or spacers to allow the mother board to be secured to the chassis and help to prevent short circuits. If there are studs that do not align with a mounting hole on the motherboard, it is recommended that you remove that stud to prevent the possibility of a short circuit. In most cases, it is recommended to secure the motherboard using a minimum of nine (9) spacers.

- 1. Carefully place the motherboard onto the studs/spacers located inside the chassis.
- 2. Align the mounting holes with the studs/spacers.
- 3. Align the connectors to the I/O shield.
- **4.** Ensure that the fan assembly is aligned with the chassis vents according to the fan assembly instruction.
- 5. Secure the motherboard with a minimum of nine screws.

# Connecting Cables and Setting Switches

This section takes you through all the connections and switch settings necessary on the motherboard. This will include:

- Power Connections
  - 24-pin ATX power (PW1)
  - 8-pin ATX 12V power (PW12-1, PW12-2)
- Internal Headers
  - Front panel
  - ➢ IEEE 1394a
  - > USB
  - > Audio
- □ IDE

- □ SATA II & 3
- Chassis Fans
- USB 2.0
- Expansion slots
- CMOS Clear Button
- Jumper Settings

See Figure 1 on page 16 to locate the connectors and jumpers referenced in the following procedure.

#### 24-pin ATX Power (PW1)

**PW1** is the main power supply connector located along the edge of the board next to the DIMM slots. Make sure that the power supply cable and pins are properly aligned with the connector on the motherboard. Firmly plug the power supply cable into the connector and make sure it is secure.



Board edge

**PW1** connector Plug power cable from system power supply to PW1

#### Figure 3. PW1 Motherboard Connector



#### Table 1. PW1 Pin Assignments

#### 8-pin ATX 12V Power (PW12-1, PW12-2)

**PW12-1,PW12-2**, the 8-pin ATX 12V power connections, are used to provide power to the CPU. Align the pins to the connector and press firmly until seated. You can plug in an extra one if your power supply comes with it. It is not necessary and the motherboard will function perfectly with just one connector in either socket.



Before you plug these two power connection, please make sure your power supply support two 8-pin ATX 12V differential output.

## **Connecting IDE Hard Disk Drives**

The IDE connector supports Ultra ATA 133/100/66 IDE hard disk drives.

- 1. Connect the blue connector (the cable end with a single connector) to the motherboard.
- **2.** Connect the black connector (the cable with the two closely spaced black and gray connectors) to the Ultra ATA master device.
- 3. Connect the gray connector to a slave device.

If you install two hard disk drives, you must configure the second drive as a slave device by setting its jumper accordingly. Refer to the hard disk documentation for the jumper settings.

If an ATA-66/100 disk drive and a disk drive using any other IDE transfer protocol are attached to the same cable, the maximum transfer rate between the drives may be reduced to that of the slowest drive.



## **Connecting SATA Cables**

The SATA II connector is used to connect the SATA II device to the motherboard. These connectors support the thin SATA II cables for primary storage devices. The current SATA II interface allows up to 300MB/s data transfer rate.

There are eight (8) internal SATA connectors on this motherboard. Connection points SATA0 - SATA5, are controlled by the South Bridge Chipset. Connection points SATA8 - SATA9 are SATA3 ports and operate from the Marvell 88SE9128 chipset at a transfer rate up to 600MB/s





Connect the locking cable end to the motherboard connector. Connect the end without the lock to the SATA Device.



## **Connecting Internal Headers**

### Front Panel Header

The front panel header on this motherboard is one connector used to connect the following four cables.

(see Table 2 for pin definitions):

#### PWRLED

Attach the front panel power LED cable to these two pins of the connector. The Power LED indicates the system's status. When the system is turn on status, the LED is on. When the system is turn off status, the LED is off. When the system is S1, S3, S4 status, the LED will blink.



Some chassis do not have all four cables. Be sure to match the name on the connectors to the corresponding pins.

#### PWRSW

Attach the power button cable from the case to these two pins. Pressing the power button on the front panel turns the system on and off.

#### HD\_LED

Attach the hard disk drive indicator LED cable to these two pins. The HDD indicator LED indicates the activity status of the hard disks.

#### RESET

Attach the Reset switch cable from the front panel of the case to these two pins. The system restarts when the **RESET** switch is pressed. Table 2. Front Panel Header Pins

	Pin	Signal
HD LED	1	HD_PWR
	3	HD Active
PWRLED	2	PWR LED
PWRLED	4	STBY LED
RESET	5	Ground
	7	RST BTN
PWRSW	6	PWR BTN
	8	Ground
No Connect	9	+5V
Empty	10	Empty

### IEEE 1394a

The IEEE 1394a expansion cable bracket is provided in the box but if you do not require the additional external connections, you do not need to install it.

- 1. Secure the bracket to the rear panel of your chassis.
- 2. Connect the end of the IEEE 1394a cable to the IEEE 1394a connector on the motherboard.

Connector	Pin	Signal
IEEE 1394a Connector	1	TPA+
TELE 1394a CONNECTOR	2	TPA-
	3	GND
10 0 9	4	GND
8 0 0 7	5	TPB+
6 <b>O O</b> 5	6	TPB-
	7	+12V
	8	+12V
	9	Empty
	10	GND

#### Table 3. IEEE 1394a Connector Pins





#### **USB** Headers

This motherboard contains eight (8) USB 2.0 ports that are exposed on the rear panel of the chassis (Figure 2). The motherboard also contains two 10-pin internal header connectors onboard that can be used to connect an optional external bracket containing two (2) USB 2.0 ports.

- **1.** Secure the bracket to either the front or rear panel of your chassis.
- 2. Connect the end of the USB cable to the USB 2.0 headers on the motherboard.



#### Table 4. USB 2.0 Header Pins

Connector	Pin	Signal
USB 2.0 Header Connector	1	5V_DUAL
	3	D-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	D+
5 0 0 6	7	GND
7 O O 8 9 O 10	9	Empty
	Pin	Signal
	2	5V_DUAL
	4	D-
	6	D+
	8	GND
	10	No Connect

## Audio

The audio connector supports HD audio standard and provides two kinds of audio output choices: the Front Audio, the Rear Audio. The front Audio supports re-tasking function.

#### Table 5. Front Audio Connector

Connector	Pin	Signal
Front Audio Connector	1	PORT1_L
	2	AUD_GND
	3	PORT1_R
	4	PRECENCE_J
4 0 0 3	5	PORT2_R
2 0 0 1	6	SENSE1_RETURN
	7	SENSE_SEND
	8	Empty
	9	PORT2_L
	10	SENSE2_RETURN



## **Fan Connections**

There are five fan connections on the motherboard. The fan speed can be detected and viewed in the PC Health Status section of the CMOS Setup. The fans are automatically turned off after the system enters S3, S4 and S5 mode. Fan headers are rated for a maximum of 1 amp draw.



32

## **Expansion Slots**

The EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 motherboard contains six (6) expansion slots, Five (5) PCI Express slots and one (1) PCI slot.



#### Slot Listing



## PCI Slot

The one PCI slot supports many expansion cards such as a LAN card, USB card, SCSI card and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. When installing a card into the PCI slot, be sure that it is fully seated. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with the screw used to hold the blank cover.

## PCI Express x1 Slot

There is one PCI Express x1 slot that is designed to accommodate less bandwidth-intensive cards, such as a modem or LAN card. The x1 slots provide 250 MB/sec bandwidth.

## PCI Express x16 Slots

These four PCI Express x16/x8 slots are reserved for video cards, and x1/x4 devices. The bandwidth of the x16 slot is up to 4GB/sec (8GB/sec concurrent). The design of this motherboard supports three PCI-Express graphics cards using NVIDIA's SLI technology with multiple displays.

When installing a PCI Express x16 card, be sure the retention clip snaps and locks the card into place. If the card is not seated properly, it could cause a short across the pins. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with the screw used to hold the blank cover.

## **Onboard Buttons**

These onboard buttons include RESET, POWER and Clear CMOS. These functions allow you to easily reset the system, turn on/off the system, or clear the CMOS.

#### **Clear CMOS Button**

The motherboard uses the CMOS to store all the set parameters. The CMOS can be cleared by pressing the Clear CMOS button either onboard or on the external I/O Panel.



External Clear CMOS Button

### **RESET and POWER Button**

These onboard buttons allow you to easily turn on/off the system. These buttons allow for easy debugging and testing of the system during troubleshooting situations.

The POWER button contains a LED that indicates the system's status. When the system is powered on, the LED remains a solid green.

The RESET button contains a LED that indicates the activity status of the hard disk drives and will blink accordingly.



# Post Port Debug LED and LED Status Indicators

## Post Port Debug LED

Provides two-digit POST codes to show why the system may be failing to boot. It is useful during troubleshooting situations. This Debug LED will also display current CPU temperatures after the system has fully booted into the Operating System.



### LED Status Indicators

These LEDs indicate the system's status.

□ POWER LED (Green):

When the system is power on status, the LED is on.

DIMM LED (Yellow):

When the memory slot is functional, the LED is on.

□ STANDBY LED (Blue):

When the system is in standby mode, the LED is on.


# Jumper Settings

### PCIE Disable Jumper

For the ease of troubleshooting multiple video cards, or testing an individual video card's overclocking, EVGA has implemented four jumpers you can use to disable individual PCIE slots. You don't need to remove any of your video cards but simply disable the slot the particular card is in.



Above you see the location of the 4 jumpers, right below the 24pin ATX Connector. In default shipping configurations, all slots are enabled with the jumpers in the left position. From top to bottom, PCIE slots 2,3,4,5 respectively. To disable a PCIE Slot, move the jumper over to the right position.

Example: Remove the Jumper cap of JPE2, PCIE Slot 2 is disabled while the rest are enabled. The PCIE Disable Function can also be extended onto the EVGA Control Panel (ECP).

Do this when the PC is turned off, NOT while it is running!

# Voltage Measure Points

The motherboard is equipped with eight voltage measure point pads. You can use a meter to measure the voltage at each pad.



# EVGA Control Panel (On select models)

For the convenience of users, EVGA has designed an easy to access control panel:



To use the ECP, simply hook up the black ECP cable to the motherboard at this location, the bottom right corner:



The cable should fit into the area high-lighted in green. It doesn't matter which end of the cable is used. The cable header is designed so that there is only one direction the cable can be connected to the header.



The other end of the cable should be connected to the ECP as shown:





**\*\***Before turning on the PC, please check to see that the CPU VCore, and Vtt Booster are in the Off position (clicked up).**\*\*** 

If you wish to access the PCIE Disable Function via the ECP, please follow these instructions.

Locate the PCIE disable jumpers below:



Remove the 4 jumpers.



#### EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 Motherboard

Connect the PCIE cable with the red wires occupying the left most pins:



Please remember to do this when PC is not running.

Next, connect the other end of PCIE enable/disable cable onto the ECP as shown:





The red wires should be occupying the pins on the top row.

Now, access the Disable/Enable Function at the front of the Control Panel:



From right to left, the PCIE Disable will disable slots 2,3,4,5. When jumper is in top position, PCIE slot is enabled. When in bottom position PCIE slot is disabled.

#### **CPU VCore Booster**

For convenience of users when overclocking, the ECP houses 2 CPU VCore and 1 CPU Vtt Boosters for real-time boost of CPU VCore and Vtt. Each button boosts the vcore by +0.1v.



The red LED will light up when VCore booster is pressed. When one red LED is lit, VCore is boosted by +0.1v. When 2 red LEDs are lit, VCore is boosted by +0.2v. When all 3 red LEDs are lit, VCore is boosted by +0.2v and Vtt is boosted by +0.1v. To disable the VCore or Vtt boost, just press the respective button again and the voltage will go down to what you have set in the bios.



Above you see the EVGA X58 Classified3 housing a Creative X-Fi PCIE x1 Audio Card, 3 x GTX 285s in 3-way SLI and a 9800GT for dedicated PhysX.

There are 2 types of 3-way SLI Bridges bundled, the first is for hooking up PCIE slots 2,3,4. Another for hooking up PCIE slots 2,3,5 in 3-way SLI while using a fourth video card for PhysX.

# Configuring the BIOS

This section discusses how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

This section includes the following information:

- Enter BIOS Setup
- Main Menu
- □ Standard CMOS Features
- Advanced BIOS Features
- Integrated Peripherals
- Power Management Setup
- □ PnP/PCI Configurations
- DC Health Status
- □ Frequency/Voltage Control

# **Enter BIOS Setup**

The BIOS is the communication bridge between hardware and software. Correctly setting the BIOS parameters is critical to maintain optimal system performance.

Use the following procedure to verify/change BIOS settings.

- **1.** Power on the computer.
- 2. Press the **Del** key when the following message briefly displays at the bottom of the screen during the Power On Self Test (POST).

Press F1 to continue, DEL to enter Setup.

Pressing **Del** takes you to the Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility.

It is *strongly* recommended that you do not change the default BIOS settings. Changing some settings could damage your computer.

# Main Menu

The main menu allows you to select from the list of setup functions and two exit choices. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the associated submenu. Use the  $\uparrow\downarrow$  arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

Note that on the BIOS screens all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.



Figure 3. BIOS CMOS Setup Utility Main Menu

#### **Given Standard CMOS Features**

Use this menu to set up the basic system configuration.

#### Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to set up the advanced system features and boot sequence.

#### Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to set up onboard peripherals such as IDE, RAID, USB, LAN, and MAC control.

#### Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure power management, power on, and sleep features.

#### PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to modify the system's Plug-and-Play and PCI configurations.

#### **PC** Health Status

Use this menu to monitor the real-time system status of your PC, including temperature, voltages, and fan speed.

#### □ Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to optimize system performance and configure clocks, voltages, memory timings, and more.

The following items on the CMOS Setup Utility main menu are commands rather than submenus:

#### Load Defaults

Load defaults system settings.

#### □ Set Supervisor Password/Set User Password

Use this command to set, change, and disable the password used to access the BIOS menu.

#### □ Save & Exit Setup

Use this command to save settings to CMOS and exit setup.

#### **Exit Without Saving**

Use this command to abandon all setting changes and exit setup.

# Standard CMOS Features Menu

The Standard CMOS Features menu is used to configure the standard CMOS information, such as the date, time, HDD model, and so on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the  $\uparrow \downarrow$  arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

The information shown in Item Help corresponds to the option highlighted.

Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Thu, <mark>Oct</mark> 23 2008 12 : 48: 23	Item Help
<ul> <li>SATA 0</li> <li>SATA 2</li> <li>SATA 1</li> <li>SATA 3</li> <li>SATA 4</li> <li>SATA 5</li> </ul>	[None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [None]	Main Level > Change the day, month, year and century
Halt On Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory		
†↓→←:Move Enter:Select	: +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help

### Figure 4. Standard CMOS Features Menu

Note that all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.

# Date and Time

Using the arrow keys, position the cursor over the month, day, and year. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through dates and times. Note that the weekday (Sun through Sat) cannot be changed. This field changes to correspond to the date you enter. Note that the hour value is shown in a 24-hour clock format. Time is represented as hour : minute : second.

Date	(mm:dd:yy)	Sat, Jul 01 2006	
Time	(hh:mm:ss)	14 : 48: 43	

# SATA Channel

Use these functions to detect and configure the SATA channels. Select a channel and press **Enter** to display the SATA sub-menu.

SATA 0	[None]
SATA 2	[None]
SATA 1	[None]
SATA 3	[None]
SATA 4	[None]
SATA 5	[None]

Press ENTER to display SATA Channel sub-menu

IDE Auto-Detect	[Press Enter]
Extended IDE Drive Access Mode	[None} Auto
Capacity	0 МВ
Cylinder Head Precomp Landing Zone Sector	0 0 0 0

Press **Enter** to auto-detect SATA channels in the system. Once the channel is detected, the values for Capacity, Cylinder, Heads, Precomp, Landing Zone, and Sector are automatically filled in.

#### None

There are no HDD installed.

**Auto** 

The system can auto-detect the hard disk when booting up.

Manual

When you set the channel to [Manual] and change Access Mode to [CHS], you can then enter the number of cylinders, heads, Precomp, landing zone, and sector. You can manually enter the values or you can press **Enter** to display a window that tells you the min and max values.

IDE HDD Auto-Detect	[Press Enter]	
IDE Channel 0 Slave Access Mode	[Manual] [CHS]	
Access Mode	[010]	
Capacity	0 MB	Press ENTER to display sub-menu or enter number manually
Cylinder	0	or enter number manually
Head	[ 0]	
Precomp	[ 0]	Cylinder
Landing Zone Sector	[ 0]	Cyrinder
	1 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -	
		Min= 0 Max=65535
The BIOS supports the fo Access Modes:	nowing HDD	Max-03333
Access modes:		Key in a DEC number :
> CHS		
For HDD less than 528	8 MB.	
> LBA		
For HDD greater than	528 MB and	↑↓:Move ENTER:Accept ESC:Abc
supporting LBA (Logic		
Addressing).		

#### Large

For HDD greater than 528 MB but not supporting LBA.

> Auto

Recommended mode.

# Halt On

**Halt On** determines whether or not the computer stops if an error is detected during power on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the **Halt On** sub-menu. Use the  $\uparrow\downarrow$  arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. Press **Enter** to accept the changes and return to the Standard CMOS Features menu.

Halt On	[All , But Keyboard]	Press ENTER to display sub	o-menu
	BIOS detects a nonfatal error,	Halt On All Errors	
<b>No Errors</b>	os and prompts you.	No Errors All , But Keyboard	····· [ ] ···· [ ] ···· []
errors.	1 2		

□ All, But Keyboard

System boot does not stop for keyboard errors, but does stop for all other errors.

†↓:Move ENTER	Accept ESC:Abort

## Memory

These settings are *display-only values* that are determined by the BIOS POST (Power-On Self Test).

Base Memory

Base Memory	640K
Extended Memory	1047552K
Total Memorv	1048576K

BIOS POST determines the

amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

#### Extended Memory

BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST.

#### Total Memory

This value represents the total memory of the system.

# Advanced BIOS Features

Access the Advanced BIOS Features menu from the CMOS Utility Setup screen. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the  $\uparrow\downarrow$  arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

The options that have associated sub-menus are designated by a ▶, which precedes the option. Press **Enter** to display the sub-menus.

	wardBIOS CMOS Setup Ut anced BIOS Features	cility
Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device	[Press Enter] [Removable]	Item Help
Second Boot Device Third Boot Device	[CDROM] [Hard Disk] [Enabled]	Main Level 🕨
	[On] [Setup]	Select Removable Boot Device Priority
†↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/P F5:Previous Va		ESC:Exit F1:General Help Defaults

#### Figure 5. Advanced BIOS Features Menu

Note that all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.

# Hard Disk Boot Priority

Use this option to select the priority for HDD startup. Press **Enter** to see the list of bootable devices in your system. Use the  $\uparrow \downarrow$  arrow keys to go to the various devices. Then use the + or – keys to move the device priority up or down in the list. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

1.	Ch0.	ST38	302110A
2.	Bootable	Add-in	Cards

Use the + and - keys to move the priority of the device within the list

## First/Second/Third Boot Device

Use this option to set the priority sequence of the devices booted at power on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the  $\uparrow\downarrow$  arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose.

First Boot Device	
Removable Hard Disk CDROM Legacy LAN Realtek Boot Ag	····· [] ···· [] ···· [] ···· []
Realtek Boot Ag Disabled	····· [ ] ···· [ ]
†↓:Move ENTER:Acc	ept ESC:Abort

# **Boot Other Device**

With the option set to **Enable**, the system boots from some other device if the first/second/third boot devices fail.

# Boot Up NumLock Status

This option allows you to select the power-on state of **NumLock**. Select **On** to activate the keyboard **NumLock** when the system is started. Select **Off** to disable the **NumLock** key.

# **Security Option**

The Security Options allows you to require a password every time the system boots or only when you enter setup. Select <u>Setup</u> to require a password to gain access to the CMOS Setup screen. Select <u>System</u> to require a password to access the CMOS Setup screen and when the system boots.

# **Integrated Peripherals Menu**

Select Integrated Peripherals from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Integrated Peripherals menu.

Onboard PATA/SATA Device Onboard Device	[Press Enter] [Press Enter]	Item Help
USB Device Setting		Main Level

Figure 6. Integrated Peripherals Menu

# **Onboard PATA/SATA Device**

Press Enter to display the Onboard PATA/SATA Device menu.



#### SATA Mode

This is allows you set the onboard Serial SATA mode.

- **IDE**: Use the SATA hard disk drivers as Parallel ATA storage devices.
- RAID: Create a RAID 0, 1, 10, 5
- AHCI: Use the AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface) to enables advanced SATA features for improved performance with NCQ and Hot-plug features

#### LEGACY Mode Support

This function allows the SATA controller to operate in LEGACY mode. Selected Disabled if you install operating system that support Native mode.

#### □ SATA 3.0 Controller

This function allows you to enable the Marvell SATA 3.0 Controller

### **Onboard Device**

Press Enter to display the Onboard Device menu.

Realtek GigaLan (LANI)	[Auto]
Realtek GigaLan (LAN2)	[Auto]
PE1 Slot (PCIE x1)	[Auto]
Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM	[Disabled]
TI 1394 Setting	[Enabled]
High Definition Audio	[Enabled]
P80 Show CPU Temp.	[Enabled]

#### Realtek GigaLan (LAN1)

Use this function to set the onboard Realtek GigaLan function for LAN1. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

#### Realtek GigaLan (LAN2)

Use this function to set the onboard Realtek GigaLan function for LAN2. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

#### □ PE1 Slot (PCIE x1)

Use this function to set the PCI-e x1 Slot function. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

#### Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM

This function allows you to enable or disable the onboard Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM for booting from LAN.

#### TI 1394 Setting

This function allows you to enable or disable the IEEE1394 (Firewire) interface.

#### High Definition Audio

This item allows you enable or disable the chipset on-chip Audio

#### □ P80 Show CPU Temp.

When this function is enabled the onboard Post Port LED will display the CPU temperature.

# **USB** Device Settings

Press Enter to display the USB Device Settings menu.

τ	JSB :	3.0 Controller	[Enabled]
τ	JSB 3	1.0 Controller	[Enabled]
τ	JSB 2	2.0 Controller	[Enabled]
τ	JSB (	Operation Mode	[High Speed]
τ	JSB 1	Keyboard Function	[Enabled]
U	JSB 1	Mouse Function	[Enabled]
U	JSB :	Storage Function	[Enabled]

#### **USB 3.0 Controller**

Use this function to enable the USB 3.0 controller.

#### USB 1.0 Controller

Use this function to enable the USB 1.0 controller.

#### USB 2.0 Controller

Use this function to enable the USB 2.0 (EHCI) controller.

#### **USB** Operation Mode

Select the USB Operation Mode for USB device. Options are Full/Low Speed and High Speed.

#### **USB** Keyboard Function

Use this function to enable or disable support for USB keyboard under DOS.

#### USB Mouse Function

Use this function to enable or disable support for USB mouse under DOS

#### USB Storage Function

Use this function to enable or disable legacy support of USB Mass Storage

# Power Management Setup Menu

Select **Power Management Setup** from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Power Management Setup menu.

ACPI function APCI Suspend Type		Item H	elp
Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN Wake-Up by PCI Card USB KB Wake-Up From S3 Power-on by Alarm × Day of Month Alarm × Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm POWER ON Function	<pre>[Auto] [Instant-Off] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] 0 0 : 0 : 0 [Disabled] Ctrl-F1</pre>	Main Level	•
†↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/ F5:Previous V		ESC:Exit F1:Ge	eneral Help

Figure 7. Power Management Setup Menu

# **ACPI** Function

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to enable or disable the ACPI function.

# ACPI Suspend Type

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to select an ACPI Suspend Type. Types to select from are [S1&S3], [S1(POS)], and [S3(STR)].

### Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you determine whether or not to enable the system to run the VGA BIOS when resuming from S3(STR) or S1&S3. The Options are Auto, Yes and No.

# Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to set Soft-Off by PBNT to [Instant-Off] or [Delay 4 Sec].

# Wake-Up by PCI Card

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows PCI Card to wakeup the system from Soft-off state.

# USB KB Wake-Up From S3

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows a USB keyboard device to wake-up the system from S3 state.

# Resume by Alarm

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to enable or disable the Power-on by alarm function. Set to **[Disable]** to prevent power-on by alarm. When set to **[Enable]**, you can manually put in the day of the month and the time of the alarm.



To enter a day or time, use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through numbers or enter the number using the keyboard number or the + and – keys.

# **POWER ON Function**

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to define the power-on function. Options for this function are:

- Disabled
- □ Keyboard

## Hot Key Power On

Use this function with the above "POWER ON Function" to set a combination of keys that can be used to power on the system. Options for this function are:

- □ Ctrl-Esc
- Ctrl-F1
- □ Ctrl-Space
- Anykey

### **PWRON After PWR-Fail**

This function enables your computer to automatically restart or return to its last operating status after power returns from a power failure.

Off: The system stays off after a power failure.

On: The system stays on after a power failure

# **PnP/PCI** Configuration Menu

Select **PnP/PCI Configuration** from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the PnP/PCI Configuration menu.

Init Display First	[PCI Slot]	Item Help
Resources Controlled By		
IRQ Resources	Press Enter	Main Level
PCI/VGA Palette	[Disabled]	
INT Pin 1 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 2 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 3 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 4 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 5 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 6 Assignment	[10]	
INT Pin 7 Assignment	[Auto]	
INT Pin 8 Assignment	[7]	
Reserved RC For Bridge	[Disabled]	
** PCI Express relative i	tems **	
Maximum Payload Size	[128]	

Figure 8. PnP/PCI Configuration Menu

# Init Display First

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to define if the initial display is in the PCI slot or in the PCI Express slot. Options are **[PCI Slot]** and **[PCIEx]**.

# **Resources Controlled By**

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to define if the BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and plug-and-play compatible devices or if you can manually select IRQ, DMA, and memory base address fields. Select [Auto (ESCD)] if you want the BIOS to automatically populate these fields. If you select [Manual] so you can assign the resources, IRQ Resources is enabled for input.



# **IRQ** Resources

To enable this field for input, set **Resources Controlled By** to **[Manual]**. With this field enabled, press **Enter** to see options.

IRQ-5	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-9	assigned	to	[Reserved]
IRQ-10	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-11	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-12	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-14	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-15	assigned	to	[PCI Device]

Use Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT Bus specification. Use PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the plug-and-play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA Bus architecture.

# PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item is designed to overcome problems that may be caused by some nonstandard VGA cards.

# INT Pin 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 Assignment

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to set the INT Pin 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 Assignment.

# Maximum Payload Size

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to set the maximum TLP payload size (in bytes) for the PCI Express devices. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through sizes or enter the number using the keyboard numbers or use the **+** and **-** keys to go up and down the list of sizes.

# PC Health Status Menu

Select PC Health Status from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the PC Health Status menu.

SmartFan Function	[Press Enter]	Item Help
VCC 3.3V	3.28V	
CPU Vcore	1.19V	
DIMM Voltage	1.48V	Main Level
CPU VTT Voltage	1.23V	
IOH Vcore	1.08V	
VCC	4.96V	
+12V	12.10V	
3VSB	3.23V	
VBT	3.15V	
CPU Temperature	31°C	
NB Temperature	55°C	
VREG Temperature	50°C	
System Temperature	33°C	
CPU Fan Speed	3054 RPM	
Power Fan Speed	0 RPM	
Chassis Fan Speed	0 RPM	

Figure 9. PC Health Status Menu

All of the values shown in Blue are dynamic and change as the speed and voltages of the various components change with system usage.

# SmartFan Function

Press Enter to display the SmartFan Function menu.

CPU Fan Type [PWM FAN (4 Pin)]
CPU Fan Speed Control [SmartFan]
x Manual Fan Speed, % 100
If temp > 60°C, Set Fan Speed 100%
If temp < $30^{\circ}$ C, Set Fan Speed 50%
Power Fan Speed Control [SmartFan]
x Manual Fan Speed, % 100
If temp > 60°C, Set Fan Speed 100%
If temp < 30°C, Set Fan Speed 50%
Chassis Fan Speed Control [SmartFan]
x Manual Fan Speed, % 100
If temp > $60^{\circ}$ C, Set Fan Speed 100%
If temp < 30°C, Set Fan Speed 50%

Use this menu to control the speed of the various fans on the motherboard. Set CPU fan speed to **[SmartFan]** when you want the speed of the fans automatically controlled based on temperature. To set the fan speed to a constant rate, select **[Manual]** and then enter the speed from 0% to 100%.

Set the desired speed for the Power and Chassis fans from 0% to 100%. The system defaults to 100%.

# Frequency/Voltage Control Menu

Select Frequency/Voltage Control from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Frequency/Voltage Control menu.

Dummy OC Extreme Cooling	[Disabled] [Disabled]	Item H	elp
Memory Feature	[Press Enter]		
Voltage Control	[Press Enter]	Main Level	
CPU Feature	[Press Enter]		
CPU Clock Ratio	[24X]		
CPU Host Frequency(Mhz)	[133]		
Target CPU Frequency	3200Mhz		
Target Memory Frequency	1600Mhz		
CPU Uncore Frequency (Mhz	) [Auto]		
Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]		
PCI Frequency	[100]		
MCH Strap	[Auto]		
OC Recovery	[Disabled]		
Turbo Performance	[Disabled]		
Save Profile	[Press Enter]		
Load Profile	[Press Enter]		

Figure 10. Frequency/Voltage Control Menu

# **Extreme Cooling**

When using Subzero cooling you may need to enable this function to make sure the system can run stable.

## **Memory Feature**

Select Memory Feature from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the Memory Feature menu.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Memory Feature							
Memory Control Sett	ing	[Disabled]			Item	Help	
Target Memory Frequ	-						
Channel Interleave	Setting	[6 way]		Main	Level		
Rank Interleave Set	ting	[4 way]					
		[Auto]					
Parameters	Setting	Current Value					
tCL Setting	[Auto]	7					
tRCD Setting	[Auto]	7					
tRP Setting		7					
tRAS Setting	[Auto]	20					
tRFC Setting	[Auto]	59					
Command Rate	[Auto]	11					
tRRD Setting	[Auto]	4					
tFAW Setting	[Auto]	20					
tRTP Setting	[Auto]	4					
tWR Setting	[Auto]	8					
Round Trip Latency	[Auto]	58					
tddWrTRd Setting	[Auto]	6					
tdrWrTrd Setting	[Auto]	6					
tsrWrTRd Setting	[Auto]	14	▼				
†↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5:Pre	t +/-/PU, vious Val			ESC:Exit Defaults		General Help	

Figure 11. Memory Feature Menu

#### Memory Control Setting

This function is allows you to select the Memory Control Setting.

#### □ Memory Frequency

This function is allows you to select the Memory Frequency.

#### □ Channel Interleave Setting

This function is allows you to select the Channel Interleave Setting. The options are 1 way, 2 way, 3 way, 4 way, 5 way and 6 way.

#### Rank Interleave Setting

This function is allows you to select the Rank Interleave Setting. The options are 1 way, 2 way and 4 way.

#### Memory Parameters Settings

Use this menu to set optimal timings or to manually enter timings. Note that you should set the value to Optimal to use the manufacturers' recommended values.

#### Memory Low Gap

This function enables support for future add-on devices. It is recommended to leave this at the default setting.

### Voltage Control

Select Voltage Control from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the Voltage Control menu.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Voltage Control					
EVGA VDroop control	[With VDroop]		Item	Help	
CPU VCore	[Auto]	1.26875V			
CPU VTT Voltage	[Auto]	+0mv		<b>NN</b>	
CPU PLL Vcore	[Auto]	1.800V	Main Level	•••	
IOH PLL Vcore	[Auto]	1.800V			
QPI PLL Vcore	[Auto]	1.100V			
DIMM Voltage	[Auto]	1.500V			
DIMM DQ Vref	[+0mV]	+0mv			
IOH Vcore	[Auto]	1.100V			
IOH/ICH I/O Voltage	[Auto]	1.500V			
ICH Vcore	[Auto]	1.050V			
VTT PWM Frequency	[250 KHz]	250 KHz			
CPU PWM Frequency	[800 KHz]	800 KHz			
CPU Impedance	[Auto]	Auto			
QPI Signal Compensation	[Auto]	Auto			
		voltageing			
		nen void			
<pre>↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/ F5:Previous</pre>			ESC:Exit F1:0 Defaults	General Help	

#### Figure 12. Voltage Control Menu

#### EVGA VDroop control

EVGA VDroop control is a safety measure by motherboards to protect the CPU. Select to [With VDroop] to calibrate CPU VDroop or select to [Without VDroop] to disable this function.

#### CPU Vcore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU Core.

#### CPU VTT Voltage

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU VTT Voltage.

#### **CPU PLL VCore**

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU PLL Vcore.

#### IOH PLL VCore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the IOH PLL Vcore.

#### QPI PLL VCore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the QPI PLL Vcore.

#### DIMM Voltage

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the DIMM Voltage.

#### DIMM DQ Vref

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select **[Auto]** to automatically set the voltage level for the DIMM Voltage.

#### IOH VCore

This function defines the core voltage level for the Intel IOH chip. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

#### IOH/ICH I/O Voltage

This function defines the voltage level for the Intel IOH/ICH I/O Voltage chip. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.
#### ICH VCore

This function defines the core voltage level for the Intel ICH chip. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

#### **VTT PWM Frequency**

This item allows you to select the VTT PWM Frequency.

#### **CPU PWM Frequency**

This item allows you to select the CPU PWM Frequency.

#### **CPU** Impedance

This item allows you to select the CPU Impedance.

#### QPI Signal Compensation

This item allows you to select the QPI Signal Compensation.

## **CPU** Feature

Select **CPU** Feature from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the CPU Feature menu.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility CPU Feature		
Intel SpeedStep Turbo Mode Function	[Disabled] [Enabled]	Item Help
CxE Function Execute Disable Bit Virtualization Technology	[Auto] [Enabled]	Main Level 🕨
***** Logical Processor Intel HT Technology Active Processor Cores	Setting ***** [Enabled] [All]	
***** QPI Controller Set	ting *****	
QPI Controller Setting QPI Link Fast Mode QPI Frequency Selection	[Enabled]	
<pre> t→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F7:Defaults</pre>		

Figure 13. CPU Feature Menu

#### Intel SpeedStep

Use this function to enable the Intel SpeedStep technology (EIST). The options are Enabled and Disabled.

#### **U** Turbo Mode Function

Use this function to enable the Intel Turbo Mode Function. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

#### CxE Function

This function allows you to select the lowest C state supported according as CPU and MB. The options are Auto, Disabled, C1, C1E, C3 and C6.

#### **Execute Disable Bit**

When this function is disabled, it forces the XD feature flag to always return to zero (0).

#### Virtualization Technology

When this function is enabled, it allows a VMM to utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Virtualization Technology.

#### \*\*\*\*\* Logical Processor Setting \*\*\*\*\*

#### Intel HT Technology

This function is allows you to enable the Intel HT Technology. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

#### Active Processor Cores

This function active number of cores to enable in each processor package. The options are All, 1 and 2.

#### \*\*\*\*\* QPI Controller Setting \*\*\*\*\*

#### QPI Controller Setting

This function is allows you to enable the QPI (QuickPath Interconnect) Controller Setting. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

#### QPI Link Fast Mode

This function is allows you to enable the QPI Link Fast Mode. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

#### QPI Frequency Selection

This function is allows you to select the QPI Frequency. The options are Auto, 4.800 GT/s, 5.866 GT/s and 6.400 GT/s.

### CPU Clock Ratio

This value changes the CPU Frequency value depending on the value you choose. Use the Page Up and Page Down keys to scroll through the options. The options are from 12 X through 60 X.

## CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)

This item allows you to select the CPU Host Frequency. This value changes the CPU Frequency value depending on the value you choose.

## CPU Uncore Frequency (Mhz)

This item allows you to select the CPU Uncore Frequency.

## Spread Spectrum

This item reduces the EMI generated. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

## PCIE Frequency (Mhz)

This item allows you to select the PCI Express Frequency.

## Save Profile

This function saves the system voltages and timing settings that were defined in the menu. There are several profile options that can be loaded.

## Load Profile

This function loads the system voltages and timing settings that were defined in the menu. You can set up to several profile settings. The default setting is Auto for all settings. Press Enter to see the options.

# Installing Drivers and Software

It is important to remember that *before* installing the driver CD that is shipped in the kit, you need to load your operating system. The motherboard supports Windows XP/Vista/Win 7 32 & 64 Bit

The kit comes with a CD that contains utilities and drivers

The CD that has been shipped with your EVGA X58 CLASSIFIED3 motherboard contains the following software and drivers:

- Chipset Drivers
- Audio drivers
- RAID drivers
- LAN Drivers
- Matrix Storage
- □ Marvell SATA 3.0 Drivers
- □ NEC USB 3.0 Drivers
- EVGA E-LEET
- □ Adobe Acrobat Reader
- User's Manual

# Windows XP/Vista/Win 7 Drivers Install

- 1. Insert the Intel X58 Express installation CD for the motherboard included in the kit.
- 2. The CD will autorun, install the drivers and utilities listed on the install screen.

If the CD does not run, go to My Computer and click on the CD to open.

# Appendix A. POST Codes

This section provides the Award POST Codes (Table 6).

### Table 6.Award POST Code

Award	Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description	
01	Reserved		
02	Jumps to E000 segment	Execution of POST routines in E000	
03	Early SuperIO	Init Early Initialized the super IO	
04	Reserved		
05	Blank video	Reset Video controller	
06	Reserved		
07	Init KBC	Keyboard controller init	
08	KB test	Test the Keyboard	
09	Reserved		
0A	Mouse Init	Initialized the mouse	
OB	Reserved		
0C	Reserved		
0D	Reserved		
OE	CheckSum Check	Check the integrity of the ROM, BIOS and message	
OF	Reserved		
10	Autodetect EEPROM	Check Flash type and copy flash write/erase routines	
11	Reserved		
12	Test CMOS	Test and Reset CMOS	

Award	POST Codes	
Code	Name	Description
13	Reserved	
14	Load Chipset	Load Chipset Defaults
15	Reserved	
16	Init Clock	Initialize onboard clock generator
17	Reserved	
18	Init CPU	CPU ID and initialize L1/L2 cache
19	Reserved	
1A	Reserved	
1B	Setup Interrupt Vector Table	Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and initialize INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL
1C	CMOS Battery Check	Test CMOS and check Battery Fail
1D	Early PM	Early PM initialization
1E	Reserved	
1F	Re-initial KB	Load keyboard matrix
20	Reserved	
21	HPM init	Init Heuristic Power Management (HPM)
22	Reserved	
23	Program chipset	Early Programming of chipset registers
24	Init PNP	Init PNP
25	Shadow VBIOS	Shadow system/video BIOS
26	Clock Gen	Init onboard clock generator and sensor
27	Setup BDA	Setup BIOS DATA AREA (BDA)
28	Reserved	
29	CPU Speed detect	Chipset programming and CPU Speed detect
2A	Reserved	
2B	Init video	Initialize Video
2C	Reserved	
2D	Video memory	Test Video Memory and display Logos

Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description
	test	
2E	Reserved	
2F	Reserved	
30	Reserved	
31	Reserved	
32	Reserved	
33	Early keyboard reset	Early Keyboard Reset
34	Reserved	
35	Test DMA Controller 0	Test DMA channel 0
36	Reserved	
37	Test DMA Controller 1	Test DMA channel 1
38	Reserved	
39	Test DMA Page Registers	Test DMA Page Registers
ЗA	Reserved	
3B	Reserved	
3C	Test Timer	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
3D	Reserved	
3E	Test 8259-1 Mask	Verify 8259 Channel 1 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
3F	Reserved	
40	Test 8259-2 Mask	Verify 8259 Channel 2 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
41	Reserved	
42	Reserved	
43	Test Stuck Interrupt	Turn off interrupts then verify no 8259's interrupt mask register is on. Test 8259 Force an interrupt and verify the interrupt occurred.
44	Reserved	
45	Reinit serial	Reinitialize Preboot agent serial port

Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description
	port	
46	Reserved	
47	EISA Test	If EISA non-volatile memory checksum is good, execute EISA initialization. If not, execute ISA tests and clear EISA mode flag.
48	Reserved	
49	Size Memory	Size base memory from 256K to 640K and extended memory above 1MB.
4A	Reserved	
4B	Reserved	
4C	Reserved	
4D	Reserved	
4E	Init APIC	Initialize APIC and set MTRR
4F	Reserved	
50	USB init	Initialize USB controller
51	Reserved	
52	Memory Test	Test all memory of memory above 1MB using Virtual 8086 mode, page mode and clear the memory
53	Reserved	
54	Reserved	
55	CPU display	Detect CPU speed and display CPU vendor specific version string and turn on all necessary CPU features
56	Reserved	
57	PnP Init Display	PnP logo and PnP early init
58	Reserved	
59	Setup Virus	Setup virus protect according to Protect Setup
5A	Reserved	
5B	Awdflash Load	If required, will auto load Awdflash.exe in POST
5C	Reserved	
5D	Onboard I/O	Init Initializing onboard superIO
5E	Reserved	

Award	POST Codes	
Code	Name	Description
5F	Reserved	
60	Setup enable	Display setup message and enable setup functions
61	Reserved	
62	Reserved	
63	Initialize Mouse	Detect if mouse is present, initialize mouse, install interrupt vectors.
64	Reserved	
65	PS2 Mouse special	Special treatment to PS2 Mouse port
66	Reserved	
67	ACPI init	ACPI sub-system initializing
68	Reserved	
69	Init Cache	Initialize cache controller
6A	Reserved	
6B	Setup	Enter setup check and autoconfiguration check up
6C	Reserved	
6D	Initialize Floppy	Initialize floppy disk drive
6E	Reserved	
6F	FDD install	Install FDD and setup BIOS data area parameters
70	Reserved	
71	Reserved	
72	Reserved	
73	Initialize Hard Drive	Initialize hard drive controller
74	Reserved	
75	Detect HDD	IDE device detection
76	Reserved	
77	Detect serial ports	Initialize serial ports.
78	Reserved	
79	Reserved	

Award	Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description	
7A	Detect parallel ports	Initialize parallel ports.	
7B	Reserved		
7C	HDD Write Protect	HDD check for write protection	
7D	Reserved		
7E	Reserved		
7F	POST error check	Check POST error and display them and ask for user intervention	
80	Reserved		
81	Reserved		
82	Security Check	Ask password security.	
83	Write CMOS	Write all CMOS values back to RAM and clear screen.	
84	Display PNP	Display PNP devices	
85	USB Final Init	Final USB initialization	
86	Reserved		
87	Reserved		
88	Reserved		
89	Setup ACPI tables	Setup ACPI tables	
8A	Reserved		
8B	Option ROM Detect	Scan for Option ROMs	
8C	Reserved		
8D	Enable Parity Check	Enable Parity Check	
8E	Reserved		
8F	IRQ12 Enable	Enable IRQ12 if mouse present	
90	Reserved		
91	Reserved		
92	Reserved		
93	Boot Medium	Detect and store boot partition head and cylinders	

Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description
	Read	values in RAM
94	Final Init	Final init for last micro details before boot
95	NumLock	Set NumLock status according to Setup
96	Boot Attempt	Set low stack Boot via INT 19h.
CO	Base CPU test	Read/Write CPU registers
C1	Memory Presence	Base memory detect
C2	Early Memory	Board Initialization
C3	Extend Memory	Turn on extended memory, cache initialization
C4	Special Display	First display initialization
C5	Early Shadow	Early shadow enable for fast boot
C6	Cache presence	External cache size detection
CF	CMOS Check	CMOS checkup
BO	Spurious	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI	If unmasked NMI occurs, display Press F1 to disable NMI, F2 reboot.
BF	Program MCP	To program chipset from defaults values
E1-EF	Setup Pages	E1- Page 1, E2 - Page 2, etc.
FF	Boot	

# **EVGA Glossary of Terms**

- ACPI Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
- AFR Alternate Frame Rendering
- APIC Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller
- BIOS Basic Input Output System
- CD-ROM Compact Disc Read-Only Memory
- CMOS Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
- CPU Central Processing Unit
- D-ICE Dry Ice Cooling
- DDR2 Double Data Rate 2
- DDR3 Double Data Rate 3
- DIMM Dual In-line Memory Module
- DRAM Dynamic random access memory
- DVD Digital Versatile Disc
- DVI Digital Video Interface
- FDC Floppy Disk Controller
- FSB Front Side Bus
- FTW For The Win!
- GHz Gigahertz
- GPU Graphics Processing Unit
- HDD Hard Disk Drive
- HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface
- HDR High Dynamic Range Lighting
- HPET High Precision Event Timer

- HT Hyper-Threading
- HSF Heat Sink Fan
- I/O Input/Output
- IDE Integrated Drive Electronics
- IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- IGP Integrated Graphics Processors
- IRQ Interrupt Request
- JBOD Just a Bunch of Disks
- JEDEC Joint Electron Device Engineering Council
- LAN Local Area Network
- LCD Liquid Crystal Display
- LGA Land Grid Array
- LN2 Liquid Nitrogen Cooling
- MAC Media Access Control
- MCP Media and Communications Processor
- MHz Megahertz
- NB Northbridge
- NCQ Native Command Queuing
- NIC Network Interface Card
- NTFS New Technology File System
- **OEM Original Equipment Manufacturer**
- PATA Parallel Advanced Technology Attachment
- PCB Printed Circuit Board
- PCI Peripheral Component Interconnect
- PCIe Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
- PCI-x Peripheral Component Interconnect Extended
- POST Power on Self Test

- PWM Pulse Width Modulation
- QDR Quad Data Rate
- QPI Quick Path Interconnect
- RAID Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks
- RGB Red Green Blue
- SATA Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
- SB Southbridge
- SCSI Small Computer System Interface
- SFR Split Frame Rendering
- SLI Scalable Link Interface
- SPD Serial Presence Detect
- SPDIF Sony/Philips Digital Interconnect Format
- SPP System Platform Processors
- TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
- USB Universal Serial Bus
- VDroop V-core Voltage Drop
- VGA Video Graphics Array